## **MINUTES**

The State Board of Elections board meeting was held on Monday, June 25, 2018, in the James River Ballroom at the Koger Center, 1021 Koger Center Blvd, Richmond, Virginia. The meeting was held on the first day of the 2018 annual training.

In attendance: James Alcorn, Chairman, and Clara Belle Wheeler, Vice Chair represented the State Board of Elections ("The Board"); Singleton McAllister, Secretary, attended electronically. On behalf of the Department of Elections ("ELECT") was Christopher E. "Chris" Piper, Commissioner, and Jessica Bowman, Deputy Commissioner. In attendance, representing the Office of the Attorney General ("OAG"), was Anna Birkenheier, Assistant Attorney General. Chairman Alcorn called the meeting to order at 3:05 PM.

The first order of business was to approve Secretary McAllister attending the meeting electronically. Chairman Alcorn moved *the Board approve Secretary McAllister's electronic participation in this meeting.* Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed 2 TO 0.

The next order of business was the Commissioner's report, presented by Commissioner Piper. The Commissioner thanked ELECT staff for planning the 2018 annual training. Commissioner Piper informed the Board that on July 23, at 9:00 AM and 2:30 PM, the Department of Motor Vehicles ("DMV") would open their training room in Richmond to give a presentation on the DMV process and the motor voter process. The training may be broadcast via webinar, but that was not yet confirmed. The Commissioner said the training would be a great opportunity to see the motor voter process from the perspective of the customer, as well as from the perspective of the customer service representative. Commissioner Piper shared that the first meeting of the Virginia Elections Benchmark Index Workgroup ("Benchmark Workgroup") would take place at 5:00 PM in the James River Ballroom, after the conclusion of the Board meeting. The Commissioner said the Board approved the Benchmark Workgroup at the meeting on April 25, and said the first meeting would be organizational in nature. The meeting would also feature a presentation from Jackie Anderson, Senior Consultant at International Consulting Services, LLC., ("ICS"). Commissioner Piper shared that ICS was a global consulting firm that often

worked with ELECT on projects including developing strategic plans, organizing, and developing priorities, measurements, and metrics.

Chairman Alcorn expressed interest in the DMV training, and enthusiasm for the Benchmark Workgroup and its potential to set the foundation for nonpartisan, objective analysis in elections. Vice Chair Wheeler asked the Commissioner if ELECT would send communication to the election community on the date, time, and location of the DMV training, and the Commissioner said they would. The Commissioner shared that on Friday, June 22, ELECT sent an update on the DMV policy and said if there were questions to ask him or Deputy Commissioner Bowman.

The next order of business was reviewing the proposed in-person absentee ballot application, presented by Samantha Buckley, one of the ELECT's Policy Analysts. Chairman Alcorn reminded the Board that they looked at this form during the June 19 meeting, but asked ELECT for information on how this application lined up with the workflow in the Virginia Election Registration Information System ("VERIS"). Ms. Buckley said one of the questions the Board had was in relation to how the format of the form matched the format of data entry in VERIS, and said that ELECT provided screenshots of the VERIS data entry screens in the Board's working papers. Ms. Buckley noted that it would be difficult to mirror the VERIS screens on paper, since the VERIS screen was designed for the general registrar ("GR"), while the paper form was designed for the voters.

Vice Chair Wheeler stated when the form was last presented, the Vice Chair and Secretary McAllister both voiced concern for uniformity with the addition of this form. Vice Chair Wheeler stated there was already a form that a voter could fill out in the GR's office, and therefore did not understand why a new form that served the same purpose was being proposed. Ms. Buckley said the new form was created in response to feedback ELECT got from the elections community, who asked for a form that was simple and had less information for the voter to fill-in for a quicker transaction for in-person applications. Vice Chair Wheeler raised the concern about the assistance section of the form, where a voter could indicate if they would need assistance filling out their ballot. The Vice Chair explained that the previous version of the form had a full assistance section, while the proposed form required a voter receive an entirely separate assistance form in addition to

the in-person absentee application. The Vice Chair voiced concern for the extra paperwork this created. Ms. Buckley acknowledged the Vice Chair's concerns, but stated that the proposed form had been reviewed by GRs who did not see the extra form as a problem. Chairman Alcorn asked to hear from the public. Commissioner Piper reminded the Board that the proposed form was optional.

Brenda Cabrera, GR and Director of Elections in the City of Fairfax, said that many localities pre-filled out the name of the locality, name of the election, and other items on the application that they can when voters come in to vote in-person absentee, as there was a lot of information the voters didn't understand on the previous form. Ms. Cabrera said Fairfax would make copies of the reason for voting absentee codes and put them on the front counter to assist voters as well; Ms. Cabrera also noted that the previous version did have a section for assistance, but that the form still required an additional assistance form, similar to the proposed version. Ms. Cabrera voiced appreciation for a simpler form that included all the information that her office spent significant time trying to convey to voters.

Bill Jenkins, GR and Director of Elections in Sussex County, raised concerns about the new law that made it optional for a voter to put their social security number ("SSN") on the form. Mr. Jenkins discussed the difficulty that came with identifying voters with similar names without SSNs, and asked if GRs were allowed to look a voter up and put their SSN on the form. Chairman Alcorn said ELECT would look into the issue, but also stated that the change was a statutory one the Board had to implement. Jake Washburne, GR and Director of Elections in Albemarle County, asked if the new form was optionaland the Chairman confirmed that it was.

Mark Coakley, GR and Director of Elections in Henrico County, asked if the new form would be considered complete if a voter did not put their SSN on it. Chairman Alcorn said that it would be complete. Mr. Coakley asked if, as Ms. Cabrera said, localities are pre-filling out parts of the application such as election date, localities could also add SSNs to the application. Vice Chair Wheeler asked if Mr. Coakley was asking if localities could pre-populate applications, and Mr. Coakley clarified he was asking if localities could modify applications. The Vice Chair asked how a GR would know what the SSN was before the voter handed in their application for a GR to modify the app with the SSN beforehand. Chairman Alcorn said ELECT would look into these questions.

David Bjerke, GR and Director of Elections in the City of Falls Church, shared that his locality had electronic pollbooks ("EPBs") that could scan photo IDs such as driver's licenses and put their barcode on the form. The locality then would use a scanner on the barcode, which would find a voter in VERIS without any data entry needed. Michele White, GR and Director of Elections for Prince William County, said that Prince William used the same model as Falls Church.

Kirk Showalter, GR and Director of Elections in the City of Richmond, was on one of the workgroups that helped develop the form. Ms. Showalter assured the Board that a number of GRs reviewed the forms and were happy with the results. Ms. Showalter noted that if a GR needs additional information to find a voter, such as a SSN, that the voter is there in-person so can just be asked for a voter ID number or SSN. The Vice Chair reiterated that the form was optional. Chairman Alcorn suggested rearranging the form to match parts of the VERIS screenin future revisions. Vice Chair Wheeler asked if the Chairman was asking staff to edit the form before approval, and the Chairman said no, instead suggesting making such changes in the future. Chairman Alcorn moved the Board adopt the Virginia In-Person Absentee Ballot Application for use beginning July 1, 2018. Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion. Ms. Buckley added that ELECT recommended if the Board wanted to see formatting changes to the application approved by the Board on June 19, that the Board give ELECT the authority to do so without Board approval. The motion passed unanimously, and the Chairman said ELECT may already have that authority and asked for an offline conversation about the division between staff and Board authority.

The next order of business was the certification of the June 2018 elections. Matthew Abell, one of ELECT's Election Administrators, presented. Mr. Abell presented the abstracts to the Board, reviewing the final election results for the Republican U.S. Senate, Republican House Districts 2, 4, and 10, and Democratic House Districts 1, 2, 6, 7, 9, and 10 races. Chairman Alcorn asked Mr. Abell what the lessons learned from the election were. Mr. Abell said the most evident lesson learned was in regards to the checkin process at polling places where there were dual primary elections. Election officials identified preceint voters correctly, handed voters them right ballot, but then checked them into for the wrong election (i.e. Republican voter checked into the Democratic primary and

vice versa). Mr. Abell said this was a training issue and due to human error. Another issue of record was the improper uploading of June primary voting credit. Several localities inadvertently uploaded all dual primary voters to both Democratic and Republican elections, or, in a few cases, all voters to just one primary. VERIS Help worked with localities to remove the erroneous uploads so that the GR could upload June voting credit properly. Mr. Abell said another lesson learned was about better communication overall, and encouraged training be part of the solution.

Vice Chair Wheeler agreed with training and education as a solution, noting in particular the need to educate voters about dual primaries. The Vice Chair acknowledged the confusion around dual primaries as two separate elections, and the discomfort caused by election officials asking which ballot a voter would like to receive in order to vote. Mr. Abell agreed, but said voters have been learning and understand dual primaries better since 2016 due to the frequent occurrence of such primaries. Commissioner Piper said he was more concerned about the voters who realized they voted the wrong ballot after the ballot has already been cast. The Commissioner addressed the issue about voter credit that Mr. Abell brought up, saying that ELECT determined better communication was needed. The Commissioner acknowledged the amount of information about processes that was given to GRs at one time, and assured that ELECT was focusing in on training and education to help the problem. Commissioner Piper noted the issue was a good topic for the Benchmark Workgroup to look at, as the Workgroup will examine areas that need improvement. Chairman Alcorn said, given the comments from Mr. Abell, and feedback from ELECT and the elections community, the elections ran smoothly.

Vice Chair Wheeler discussed the reports about shootings near polling places during the primary elections. The Vice Chair suggested the Board hear from two of the GRs of localities where the shootings took place. Mr. Coakley said one of the confirmed incidents happened in Henrico County in a neighborhood associated with a school that was serving as the polling place. Mr. Coakley said the school was not in lockdown, but students were told to stay on the bus until law enforcement could arrive. Voting was unaffected. Ms. Showalter spoke about the incident in the City of Richmond, in one of the Southside precincts. The shooter was reportedly two blocks away, not at the school serving as a polling place. Ms. Showalter stated the students were brought inside and voters were still

able to vote. Ms. Showalter discussed continuity of operation plans that were in place to relocate voting, but noted if the polling place had been roped off by police then relocation would not be possible. Ms. Showalter suggested ELECT and the Board develop procedures and perhaps address the legislature for alternate plans in situations such as that. Ms. Showalter also brought up an issue of voters not being aware that there was only a single primary in the City of Richmond—voters would come into the polling place, check in, take a ballot, and then realize belatedly that they did not want to vote in that party's primary. Ms. Showalter asked for guidance in that instance.

Commissioner Piper said he had an initial conversation with the Fusion Center, the Virginia State Police, and the Secretary of Administration ("SOA") office to work on continuity of operations and contingency plans for situations like this. The Commissioner noted these plans were especially important as many schools hosted polling places. Walt Latham, GR and Director of Elections in York County, stated that years ago there was a movement to move voting day to the third Tuesday in June, rather than the second. Mr. Latham mentioned this was because schools were out of session on the third Tuesday. This would that students were uninterrupted and schools were not open to the public as they are during election days. Mr. Latham said other solutions included not using schools as polling places, but noted the inconvenience and impracticality of it as many localities did not have alternate polling places they could use. Mr. Latham suggested addressing the General Assembly about the issue. Chairman Alcorn acknowledged the topic is complicated and requires a multifaceted resolution. He agreed moving the date of the election would reduce the chances of something happening in a school serving as a polling place. The Chairman said ELECT should work on the legislative end to find a solution. Vice Chair Wheeler agreed with the points made, and stated that in order to lobby the General Assembly, there has to be a solid narrative around the problem.

Chairman Alcorn then moved the Board certify the results of the June 12, 2018 Democratic and Republican Primaries as presented and declare the winners of each primary to be that party's nominee for the November 6, 2018 election. Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously.

The next order of business was for the Board to approve the political party abbreviations that would be used during the November election, presented by Mr. Abell.

Mr. Abell explained that newer voting equipment came with more options for party abbreviations, so reviewed the options presented before the Board. The Board agreed to keep the abbreviations the same as they were previously approved, and the Chairman moved the Board approve the following party abbreviations for the general and special elections being held November 6, 2018 and all other special elections between today and November 6, 2018." Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously. The approved abbreviations were:

Democratic – D

Republican – R

The next order of business was to draw the ballot order for the November 2018 general election, presented by Mr. Abell. The two recognized political parties for the November 2018 election were the Democratic and Republican Parties. Mr. Abell explained the ballot order drawn during the meeting would determine the ballot order for the November election and for all special elections until the November; including the special election on July 24 in Isle of Wight County. Mr. Abell presented two slips of paper, one for the Democratic Party and one for the Republican Party. He folded each slip separately and placed them into black film canisters. Each canister went into a crystal bowl and the canisters were manually mixed. Chairman Alcorn drew the first canister, which held the slip of paper for the Republican Party on it. Vice Chair Wheeler drew the second canister, which held the slip of paper for the Democratic Party. Therefore, it was determined by lot that the Republican Party's candidates would be listed first on the November general election ballot, and the Democratic Party's candidates would be listed second. Chairman Alcorn moved the Board certify the determination by lot of the ballot order for the general and special elections being held November 6, 2018 and all other special elections between today and November 6, 2018. Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion and the motion passed unanimously.

The meeting then opened to public comment. Mr. Coakley discussed the House committee created on school safety, noting that the committee would not have focus on firearms and instead focus on removing polling places from schools. Mr. Coakley encouraged the Voter Registrar Association of Virginia ("VRAV"), the Virginia Electoral Board Association ("VEBA"), the Board, and ELECT attend the committee hearings to

stay abreast of developments. Vice Chair Wheeler asked when the committee was meeting, but Mr. Coakley did not have the date. Chairman Alcorn said the Board was talking to Commissioner Piper to find ways for ELECT staff to work in coordination with the committee.

A representative from the Central Virginia A. Phillip Randolph Institute discussed the confusion college face at the DMV when updating their voter registration status. The reports came from students going to the DMV to renew their driver's licenses. When going to renew their driver's license, students reported that upon being asking to update their voter registration. They were unable to select "no" on the screen; it suggested this error may be the reason why there was so much confusion with college students who want to update their licenses with their school address rather than their permanent address. Sandy Jack, a representative from DMV, said when a customer does a motor voter eligible transaction at the DMV, the system would check if the person was already registered to vote. If the customer was already registered, they got a shorter version of the motor voter process. Ms. Jack informed the Board that the residence address on file with the DMV is the address that is sent to ELECT. If ELECT already has a registration address, and if that address is different than the one received by DMV, the address ELECT has will be sent to the DMV. Ms. Jack said this process was one of the points of confusion in the process, and asked that those with questions attend the DMV training that the Commissioner discussed at the beginning of the meeting. Commissioner Piper reiterated the usefulness of the training, and said the experience was educational in regards to what the customer experienced as well as what the customer service representatives experienced. The Commissioner assured the elections community that ELECT was continually looking at the process for new issues and solutions.

Win Sowder, GR and Director of Elections in the City of Williamsburg, spoke and brought up concerns about certain questions, including the questions asking voters to verify their citizenship and felon status, being removed from DMV applications. Ms. Sowder said working applications without those questions was costly, and time and labor-intensive for her office, and asked those questions be added back to the form. Alison Robbins, GR and Director of Elections in Wise County, stated that Wise encountered a number of applications where the individual updated their residence address to a business address with

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the DMV because they are business owners. Because of this update to a business address, the address sent to the locality for voter registration was not their residence address, which could change which district or precinct the individual is supposed to vote in or be registered in. Ms. Robbins asked if the DMV kept records of residence addresses for driver's license recipients that localities could access to help remedy the problem. Ms. Jack stated the DMV allowed customers to keep two addresses on file: a mailing address, which the DMV would use most often, and a residence address. The residence address was the address sent to ELECT for voter registration purposes. Ms. Jack said most customers used the same address for both fields, but the residence address on file was the address used for voter registration. Ms. Robbins asked ELECT and the Board find a way to educate customers at DMV about the residence address vs. mailing address to be sure the correct address is sent to the locality.

Rosanna Bencoach, GR and Director of Elections in the City of Charlottesville, brought up concerns about provisional ballots on Election Day from voters that did not realize their registration had been transferred from their permanent address after updating their driver's license a the DMV. Ms. Bencoach relayed an experience at the DMV updating registration information where she was asked twice about voter registration, despite having indicated she would like to update her information the first time. Guidance from ELECT said that a voter only needs to affirm registration once, and Ms. Bencoach said it would be confusing for a voter that marked "yes" to be asked the same question about registration again later in the process, making it possible to receive conflicting responses.

Vice Chair Wheeler highlighted the importance to educate college students about the difference between being registered at their permanent address, where their parents may live, and at school. The Vice Chair encouraged emphasizing the fact that a voter has to vote where they are registered to vote; if a student attempted to vote at their school address when still registered at their permanent address, and received a provisional ballot, that provisional ballot would not be counted because the student was not registered at their school address. Ms. Bencoach agreed and reiterated the concern that the DMV process asks about voter registration more than once in a process.

Ms. Jack said the paper based forms, available prior to 2016, would be entered into DMV's system by a customer service representative and pre-populate other forms the customer filled out with previously provided information. When DMV switched to the motor voter system after 2016, some voters who were unable to use the electronic system had to continue using the paper form, which may have resulted in duplication and some of the questions that arose.

Susan Spencer, an EB member from Madison County, brought up some of the issues that happened in the 2017 November election. Ms. Spencer spoke about the decertification of Direct-Recording Electronic ("DRE") machines, which required many localities to buy new voting equipment in a short amount of time and with limited budgets. Ms. Spencer also spoke about the situation in Fredericksburg where the election resulted in a tie and the Board had to decide the winner by lot, as mandated in §24.2-674, as well as the situation with the mis-assigned voters. Ms. Spencer tied these topics to voter concerns about the integrity of elections and urged the Board help develop standards to keep some of these situations from occurring again. Chairman Alcorn thanked Ms. Spencer, and referred to Commissioner Piper's presentation on mis-assigned voters given on June 19. The Chairman said ELECT was cleaning up the districting issues in advance of the elections, and noted the effort being undertaken to keep lines correct.

Ray Rodriguez, an EB member from the City of Fredericksburg, spoke and said the Fredericksburg EB stood behind their GR, and that the GR did not make any mistakes. Mr. Rodriguez said the officer of elections at the polling places acted correctly and followed the law, and urged individuals to take individual responsibility in marking their ballots. If a ballot is not what the voter wanted, or has been mis-marked, Mr. Rodriguez urged voters to go to an election official to have the ballot spoiled and a new ballot distributed in order to cast their vote.

Ms. Spencer suggested the elections community be as straightforward as possible, so that the media would not misunderstand their messages. Ms. Sowder added that GRs are not surveyors and do not always know where district lines are. Ms. Sowder said GRs are trying their best with districting, and that hopefully the next census would get the district lines correct. Chairman Alcorn agreed and said the districting issue did not have fault in a single area or individual, and was something the community could work together

to fix and make successful. Commissioner Piper assured the community that ELECT was dedicated to working with localities, and discussed how quickly election laws were evolving and changing with each legislative session.

Vice Chair Wheeler asked Commissioner Piper about the National Change of Address ("NCOA") mailings, saying she heard reports of a directive, sent by ELECT to the localities, to not take action on the issue. The Vice Chair asked what happened. Commissioner Piper explained there was an error with the vendor in regards to the addresses, but stated there was no harm to the voters. ELECT sent a communication to registrars the previous week asking for any returned NCOA mailings, with no charge to the localities, so ELECT could do a second mailing with the correct addresses. Commissioner Piper noted ELECT did not have fault in the issue and were working ahead of schedule, giving plenty of time for the notices to be sent to the correct addresses in time. Vice Chair Wheeler asked for clarification on the address issue. Commissioner Piper explained the vendor put the registrars' zip codes in the voters' addresses, resulting in incorrect addresses for the voters. ELECT sent the letters by first class mail, but specified for the letters to not be forward-able. Therefore, no voter actually received the letter and no voters were harmed or affected by the mistake. The Commissioner stated out-of-state mailings were not affected by the vendor's error. Ms. Sowder asked about mailings that would be sent to the College of William and Mary, noting that the mail room was not open until August. Ms. Sowder asked if the letters going to the Williamsburg zip code could be held until August, but the Commissioner said the National Voter Registration Act ("NVRA") prohibited that.

Vice Chair Wheeler stated that ELECT moved into a liaison-focused communication system, where liaisons sent relevant communications directly to their regions that would be affected by the communications rather than to the whole community. The Vice Chair requested that directives involving all localities be sent to all the GRs on the GR mailing list, rather than through liaisons. The Vice Chair noted that if one locality had a question, other localities may have similar questions. Commissioner Piper offered to speak to the Vice Chair separately about the topic, and the Vice Chair agreed.

Vice Chair Wheeler asked about reports that localities were still getting duplicates in their VERIS hoppers. Commissioner Piper said if localities were still getting duplicates

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that those localities should contact ELECT so the problems could be addressed directly. Vice Chair Wheeler discussed the importance of fixing things that are broken and ideally fixing things before they broke.

Chairman Alcorn then moved to adjourn the meeting. Vice Chair Wheeler seconded the motion, and the motion passed unanimously. The meeting was adjourned at approximately 4:53 PM. The next Board meeting will be on August 15 at 11:30 AM.

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